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By Xulio Ríos
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XX CPC Congress: The Key Expression of Xi Jinping's Report



Sources: Rebellion

At this stage, "the unfolding of the fighting spirit" is the basic attitude to the "long road ahead."

The expression "fighting spirit" (*dou zheng jing shen*) may well be the key and main inspiration of the report presented by Xi Jinping to the XX Congress of the CPC and which gives the general tone of the call to the more than 96 million Party members to face the new and complex stage ahead. Undoubtedly, it is also the ideal argument to justify its own elevation (as "core") and its associated ideology (which will be "Xi Jinping thought") as indisputable references of this decisive period.

Warning of various "black swan" and "gray rhino" events that can occur at any time, Xi urged the CPC in the report to "remain prepared to face strong winds, stormy waters and even dangerous storms."

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At this stage, "the deployment of the fighting spirit" is the basic attitude to the "long road ahead", "without being cajoled by fallacies or intimidated by demons, or fearing pressures"...

"We should not allow ourselves at all lax or lazy moods, nor weary or weary of fighting," Xi warned at the opening session. He urged all CPC members "never to forget the original aspiration and founding mission and to have the courage and ability to keep fighting."

"We must strengthen our sense of difficulty, adhere to background thinking, be prepared for danger in peacetime, prepare for a rainy day, and be ready to withstand great tests of high winds and waves," he said. And in the same vein, at a meeting with Guangxi delegates, he called on all Chinese people to stand together as "a piece of hard steel" under the leadership of the CPC.

Certainly, as usual, the list of topics addressed by Xi in his report is very dense. It includes the balance of recent years (with allusions to the increase in its economic weight and its influence in the world, the increase in the income of the population, life expectancy, etc., which would sign the positive course of the chosen path), and also outlines the great objectives for the two major steps (2035 and 2049) that should lead to the culmination of the long process of modernization and whose most certain development will be shall be expressed in the five-year plans. But the triumphalist tone yields to the realism of expectations.

Esa visualización, con mayor nitidez, de las dos etapas del xiísmo, afianza el toque de corneta a todo el PCCh con el horizonte del "segundo centenario" (2049, el primero se celebró el año pasado en alusión a los 100 años de la fundación del PCCh).

Pero más que el programa de acción, la declaración política que incorpora el informe abunda en la insistencia en la "confianza, determinación, capacidad" del Partido para encarar los retos por venir, complementándose con el nuevo aviso a navegantes de que "no será en absoluto un trabajo descansado y cómodo acompañado del son de tambores y gongs"...

Otro eje del discurso es el envoltorio de la historia. Observamos un Xi y un PCCh enfundados hasta las cejas en la historia. No solo en términos de realce del valor histórico de las transformaciones y éxitos del último lustro, un periodo "sumamente fuera de lo común y extraordinario", dijo Xi, sino, sobre todo, como caracterización de la envergadura de los desafíos en lo inmediato.

En suma, una invocación a completar la última fase de la modernización cuyo talismán sigue siendo el reconocimiento del papel dirigente y hegemónico del PCCh, que ahora

trasciende aquella legitimidad con origen ya no en la revolución o en el crecimiento, sino en la dimensión histórica de su gesta.

The CCP, however, does not renounce, on the contrary, to continue "seeking benefits" for Chinese society, in order to provide "a better life" for its citizens. Much remains to be done in this regard.

The coordination of development, until now the essential pillar of the modernizing project, with security, increasing its importance, should make it possible to successfully face the adversities that await. "National security is the foundation for the rejuvenation of the nation, and social stability is the premise for the country's strengthening and prosperity," Xi said.

Beyond this, there are few novelties in terms of transcendental contributions that could indicate changes in the essential trends already manifested in recent years. The only novelty about Taiwan, which many have taken down the path of resorting to force, is the curiosity that it only mentioned the 1992 Consensus once. Whether we refer to economics (with a lot of emphasis on innovation), or the multiple aspects of domestic politics (with the surprising ignorance of demography) or foreign, continuity is the predominant note.

The demand for its own path of modernization, unprecedented and based on experimentation, which begins with its appeal to the sinicization of Marxism (the leading position in the ideological) as a guarantee of success in its application, will continue to be the holy and sign of the course printed by the CCP to this China of the XXI century.

Persist, therefore, innovate, legitimize, are the main verbs that the CCP conjugates today, in view of the report presented by Xi Jinping to the XX Congress.

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